

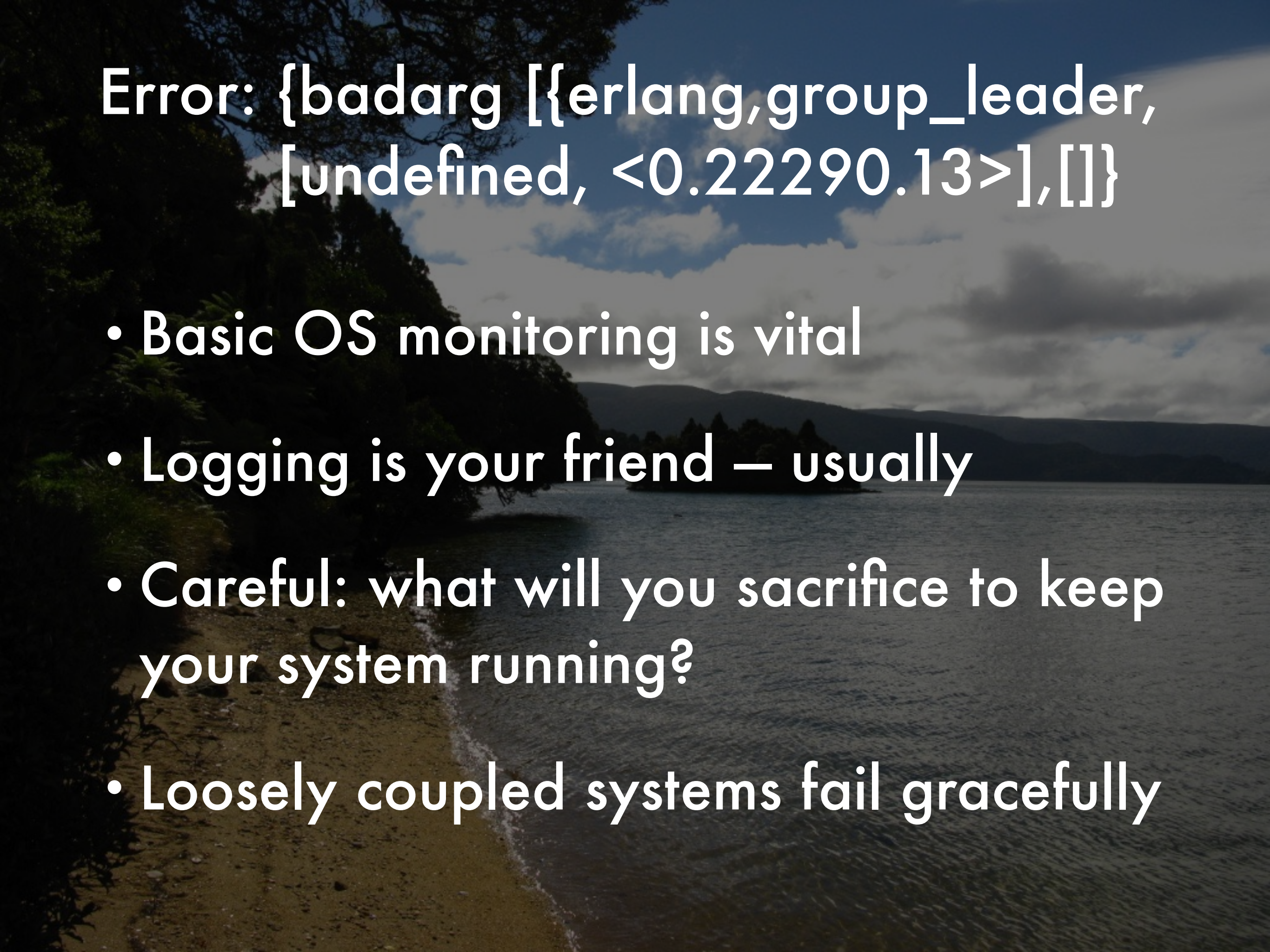


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[Bringing You Artisanal Domain Names since 2007]







Error: {badarg [{erlang,group_leader,
[undefined, <0.22290.13>],[]]}

- Basic OS monitoring is vital
- Logging is your friend – usually
- Careful: what will you sacrifice to keep your system running?
- Loosely coupled systems fail gracefully

Designing OTP systems

- Error Kernels
- State Machines
- Queues & Predictable Modes of Failure
- The Happy Path – Dealing with Reality



Introducing The Error Kernel

- minimal acceptable recovery state
- pacemaker: time of last pulse
- torrent: root hash and any peer
- lunar module: altitude & vector
- protect it well: duplicate or database

Layer 1: The Enemy is the State

- defined transitions
- validated states
- test it hard
- delegate everything else

Layer 2: the Queue

- A set of pending actions to be applied to the state machine
- Monitor throughput and latency
- Active management: Defer, Dump or Delegate
- A coordination point
- Predictable Modes of Failure

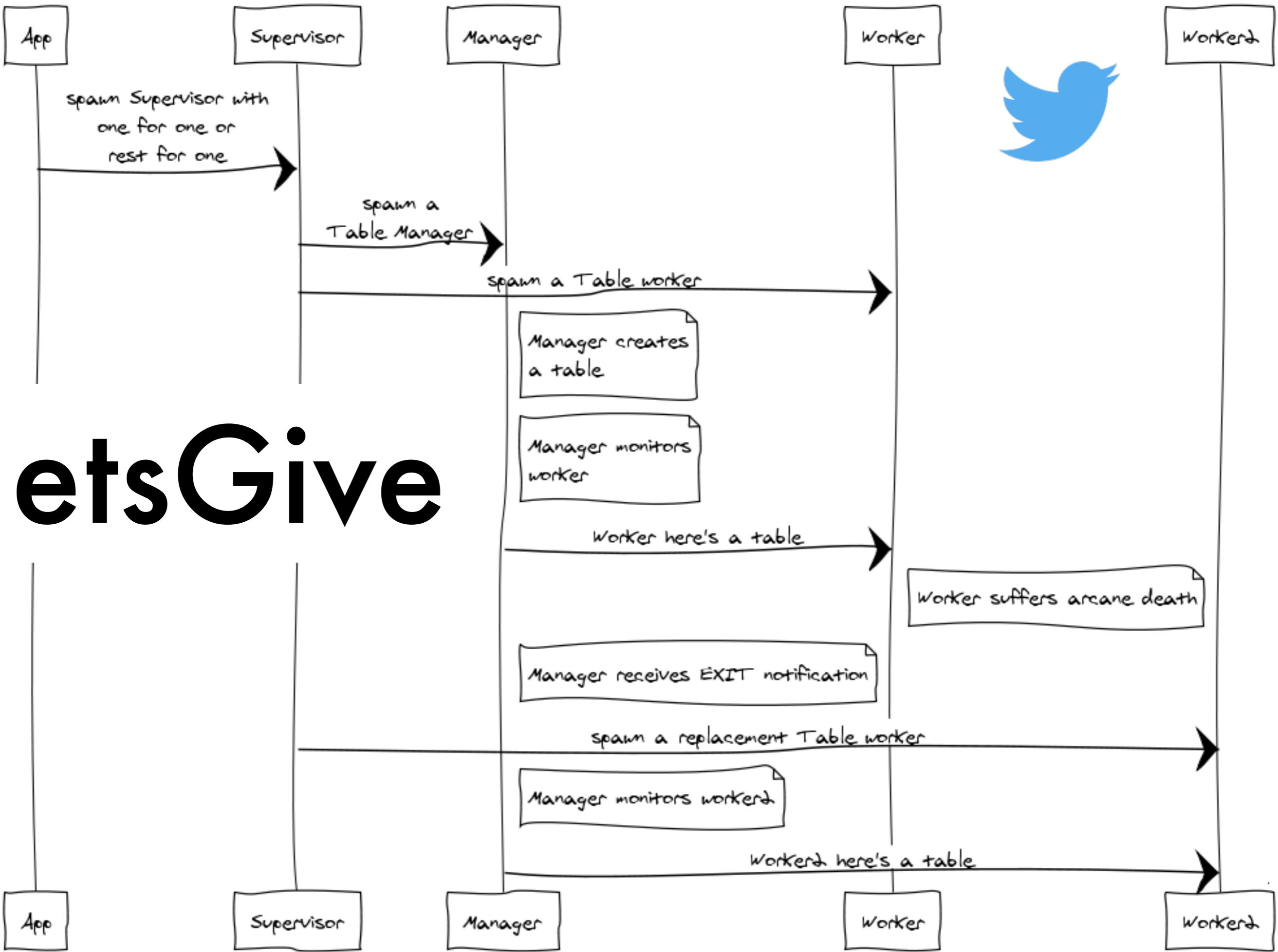
Layer 3: The Ugly

- Unlimited Unanticipated Modes of Failure
- focus on the `{:ok, happy_path}`
- worker failure, input failure, world failure
- timing matters
- trust nothing – verify

Layer 4: Explicit Error Flow & the `{:ok, happy_path}`

- lots of non-BEAM code is error handling
- enforce at the border
- trust inside your modules
- use types & dialyse regularly
- controlled changes to the Error Kernel
- monitor & link for implicit dependencies

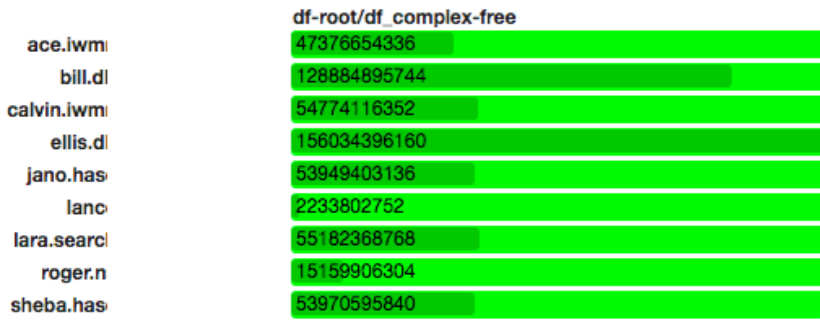
etsGive



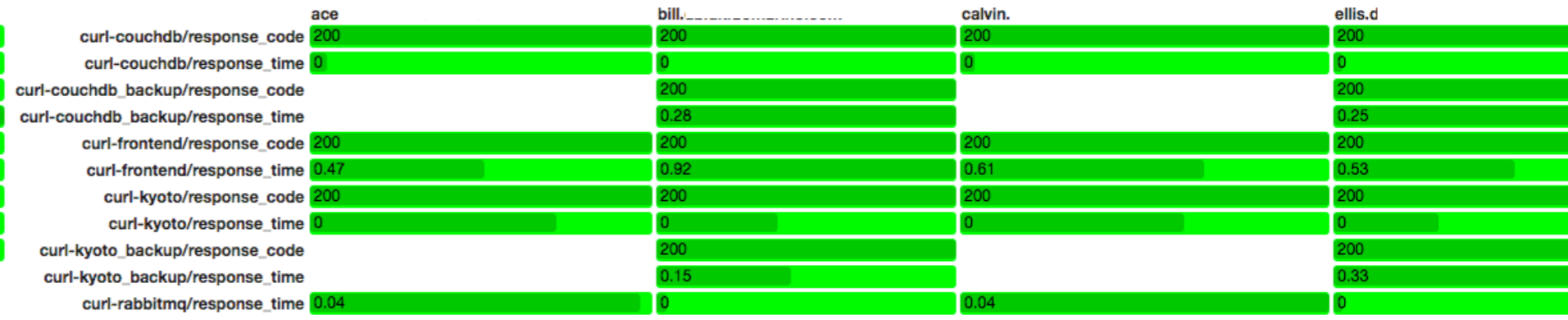
BEAM Ops

- <3 Releases: pure BEAM== dependency free
- Hate Releases: anti-UNIX != logging, SIG*
- Logging: jury still out
- Monitoring: do both
 - White box: event your code
 - Black box: look from the OS & network in
- Live debugging

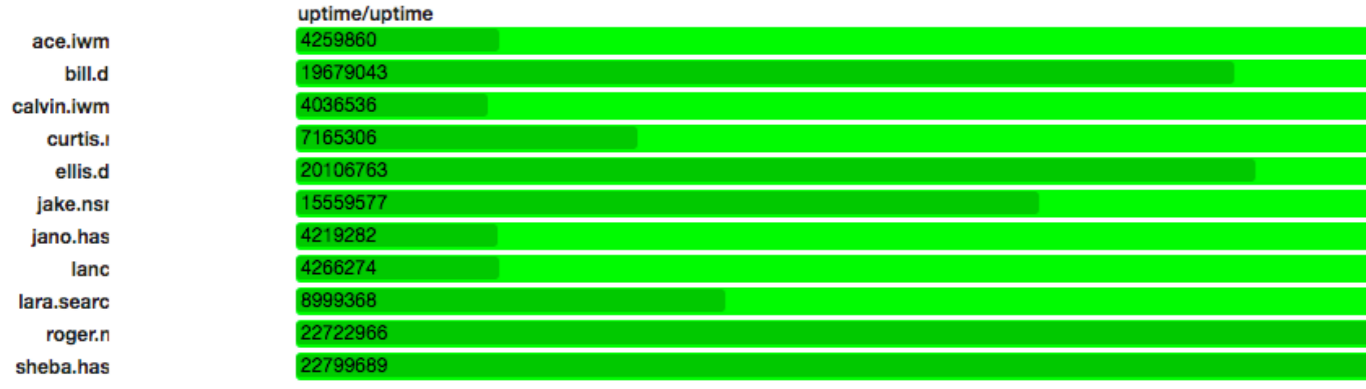
disk



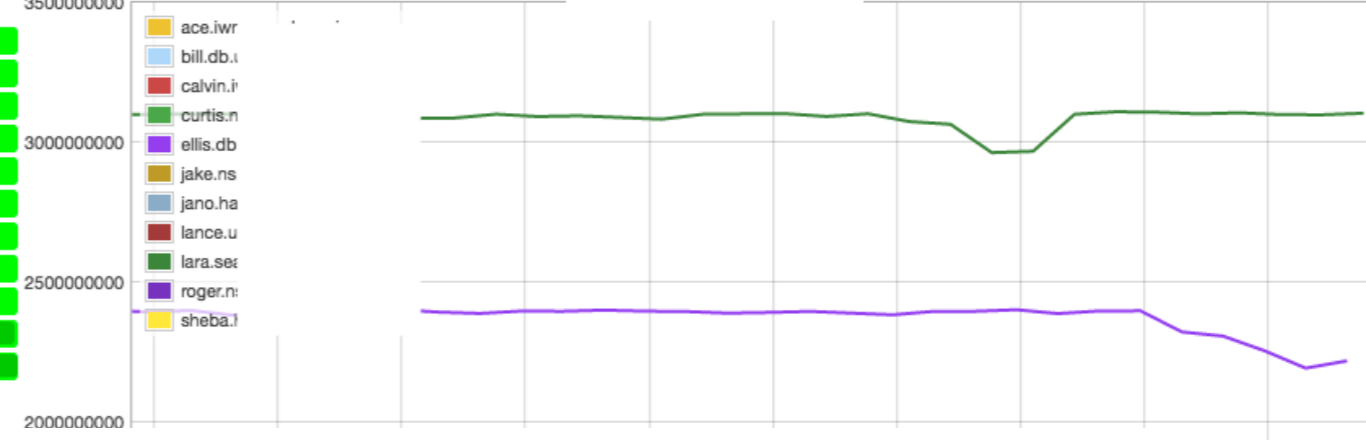
tunnels



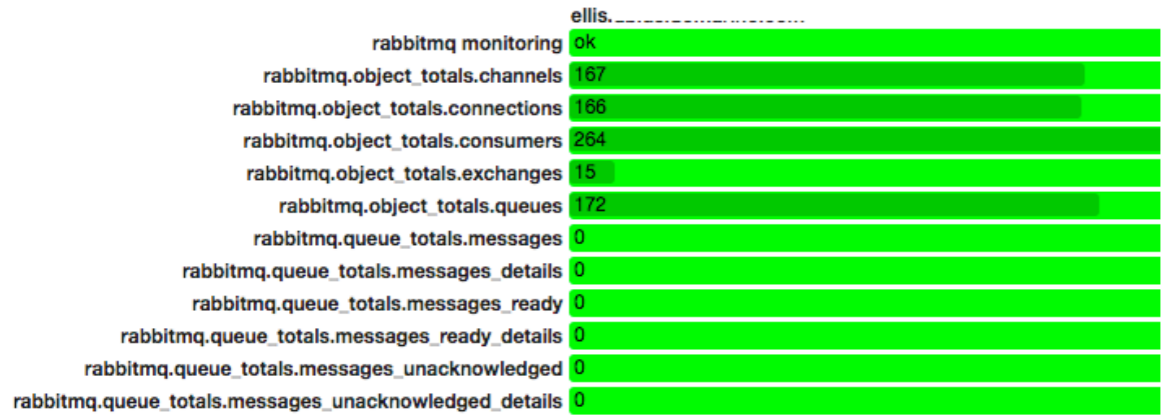
uptime



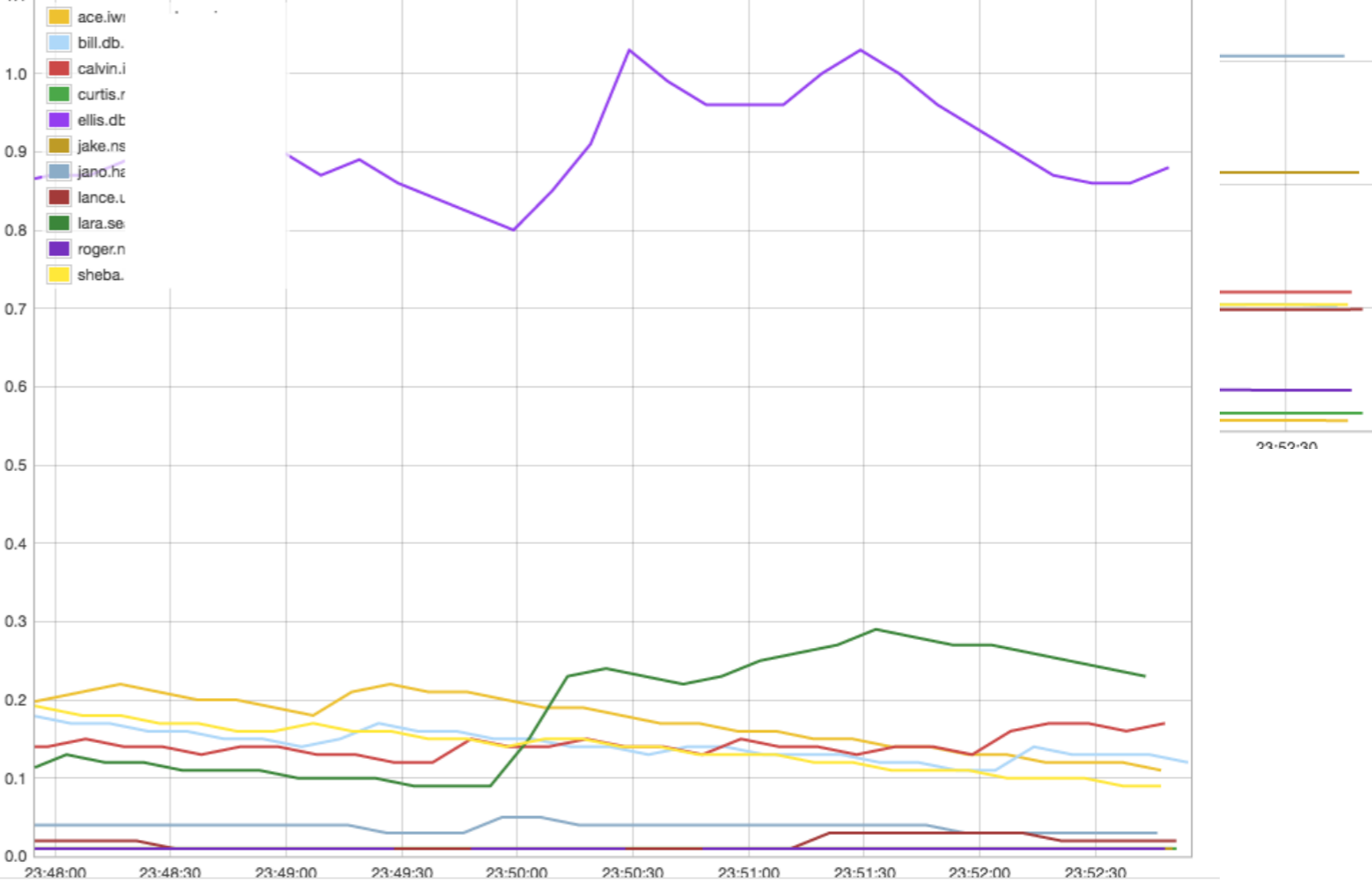
memory



rabbitmq

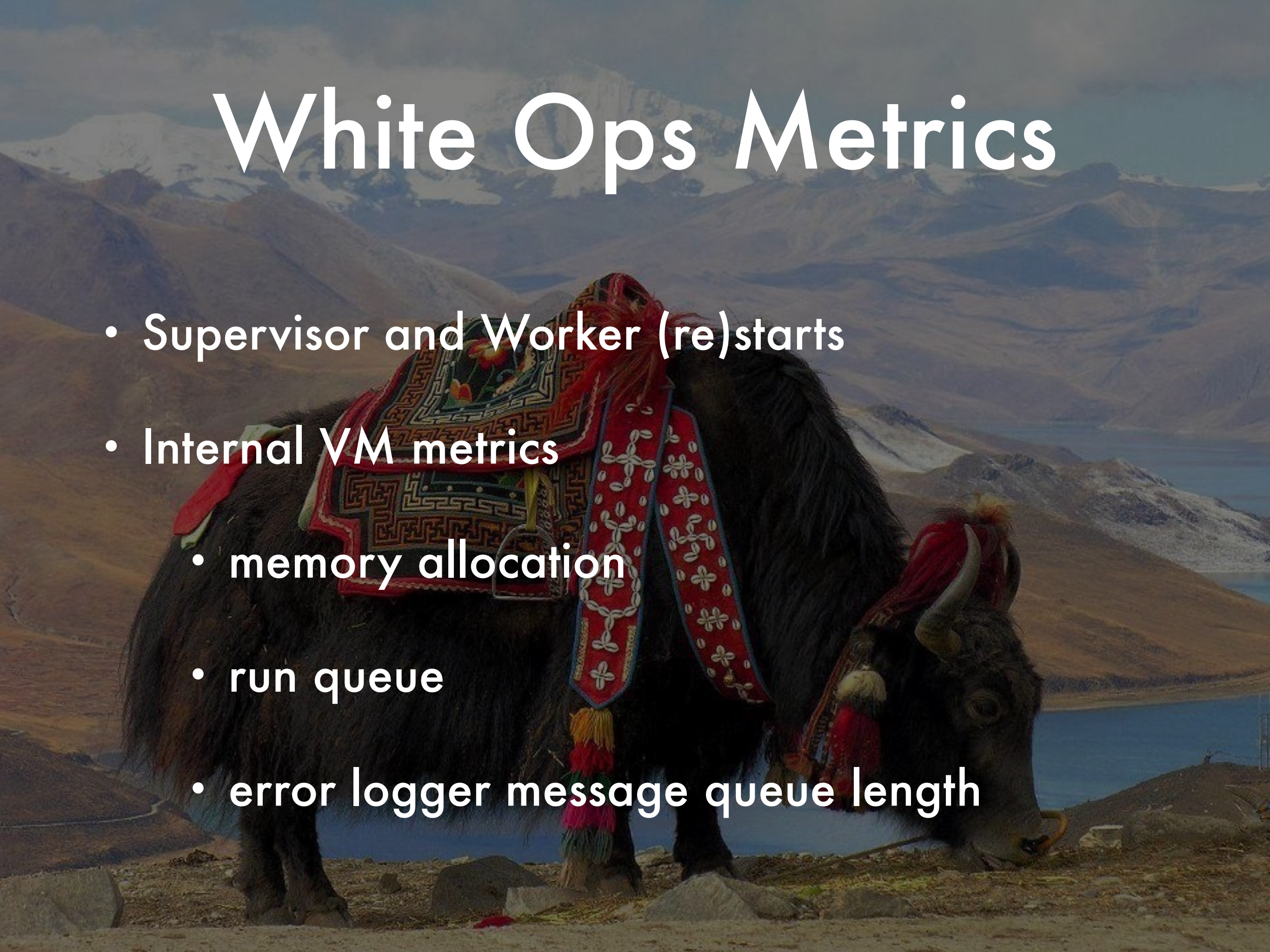


load



Black Box: OS Metrics

White Ops Metrics

- Supervisor and Worker (re)starts
 - Internal VM metrics
 - memory allocation
 - run queue
 - error logger message queue length
- 
- A yak with a colorful saddle and harness standing in a mountainous landscape. The yak is the central focus, facing right. It has a dark brown coat and a long, shaggy mane. The saddle is red with intricate black and white patterns. The background shows a vast, hazy mountain range under a blue sky, with a body of water visible in the distance.

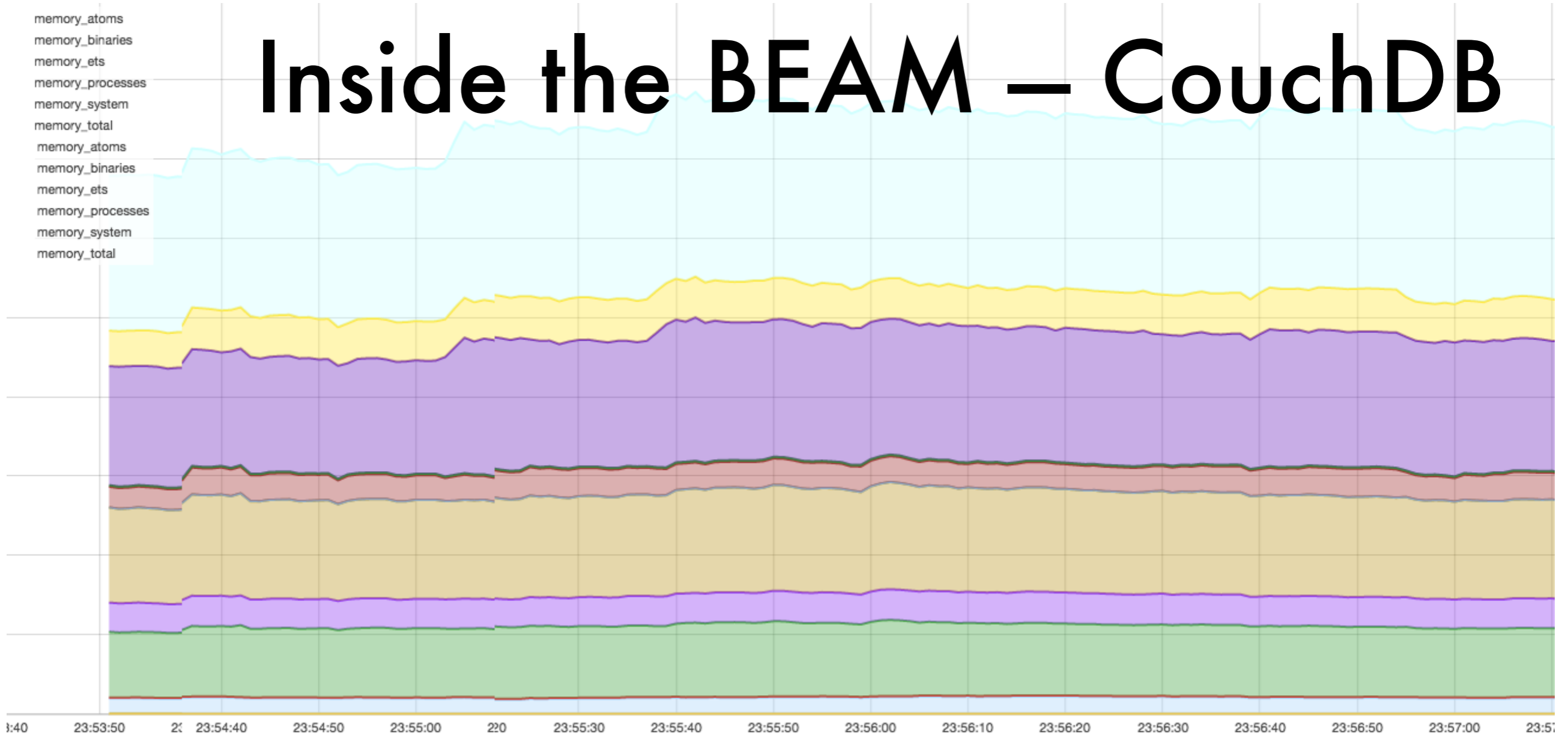
App-Specific – RabbitMQ

rabbit

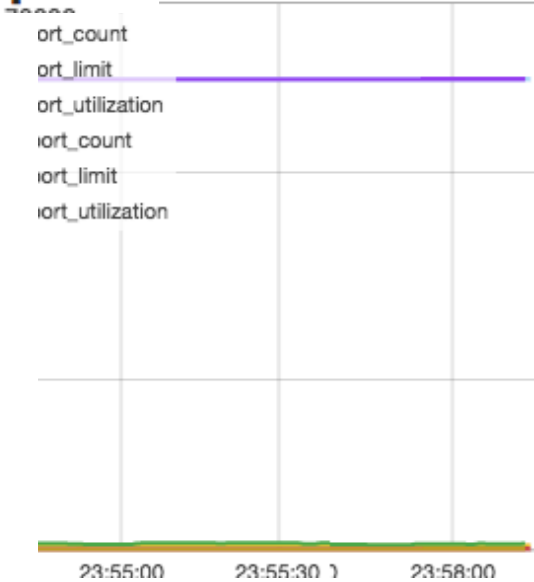


Inside the BEAM – CouchDB

memory_atoms
memory_binaries
memory_ets
memory_processes
memory_system
memory_total
memory_atoms
memory_binaries
memory_ets
memory_processes
memory_system
memory_total



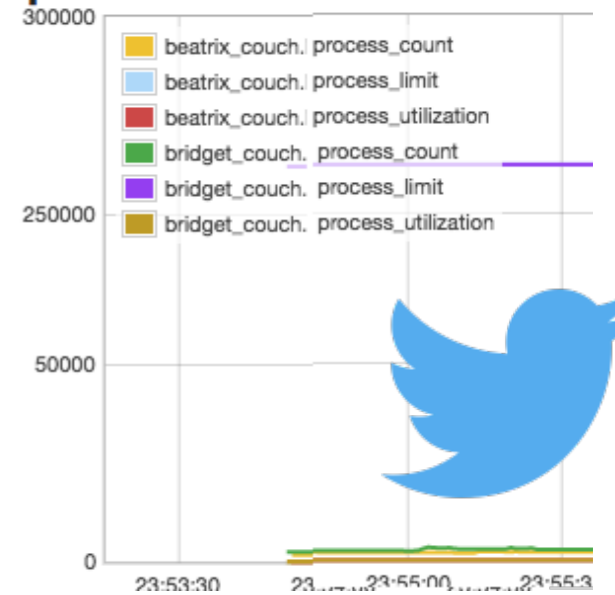
ports



misc



processes



Live Debugging in a Nutshell

- read the stack trace, it tells you what's wrong
- use Ferd's exceptional recon_trace tool
- filter down through stack traces and watch specific functions or even function parameters



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<https://home.apache.org/~dch>



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Image Credits

- Zombie Rabbit: <http://checker-bee.deviantart.com/art/Fluffy-Zombie-Bunny-325012765>
- Yak: <http://ideastochill.blogspot.com/2014/01/yak-animal.html>
- Photos: @dch__ taken onsite in New Zealand

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The Basics — Shell Power

- Which process is holding the most memory?

```
15> erlang:memory().
```

```
[{total,17519032}, {processes,4509992}, {processes_used,4509624},  
{system,13009040},  
 {atom,215369}, {atom_used,209506}, {binary,64960}, {code,  
4697098}, {ets,308616}]
```

```
16> Procs = [ {Pid, element(2, process_info(Pid, memory))}  
|| Pid ← erlang:processes() ].
```

```
17> hd( lists:reverse( lists:keysort( 2, v(-1) ) ) ).
```

What is that MFA doing?

```
4> Procs = [ {Pid, element(2,  
process_info(Pid, memory))}
```

```
|| Pid ← erlang:processes() ].
```

```
5> hd( lists:reverse( lists:keysort( 2,  
v(-1) ) ) ).
```

```
6> exit(list_to_pid("<0.36.0>"),  
your_time_has_come ). %% any signal will do
```

```
true unless its trapping exits. Then use  
kill.
```

Gone.. Permanently.

```
12> exit(list_to_pid("<0.36.0>"), kill).
```

```
Observer: Child (unknown) crashed exiting: <0.76.0> shutdown  
true
```

```
13> 2016-11-24 08:55:03 std_info
```

```
application: kernel
```

```
exited: shutdown
```

```
type: permanent
```

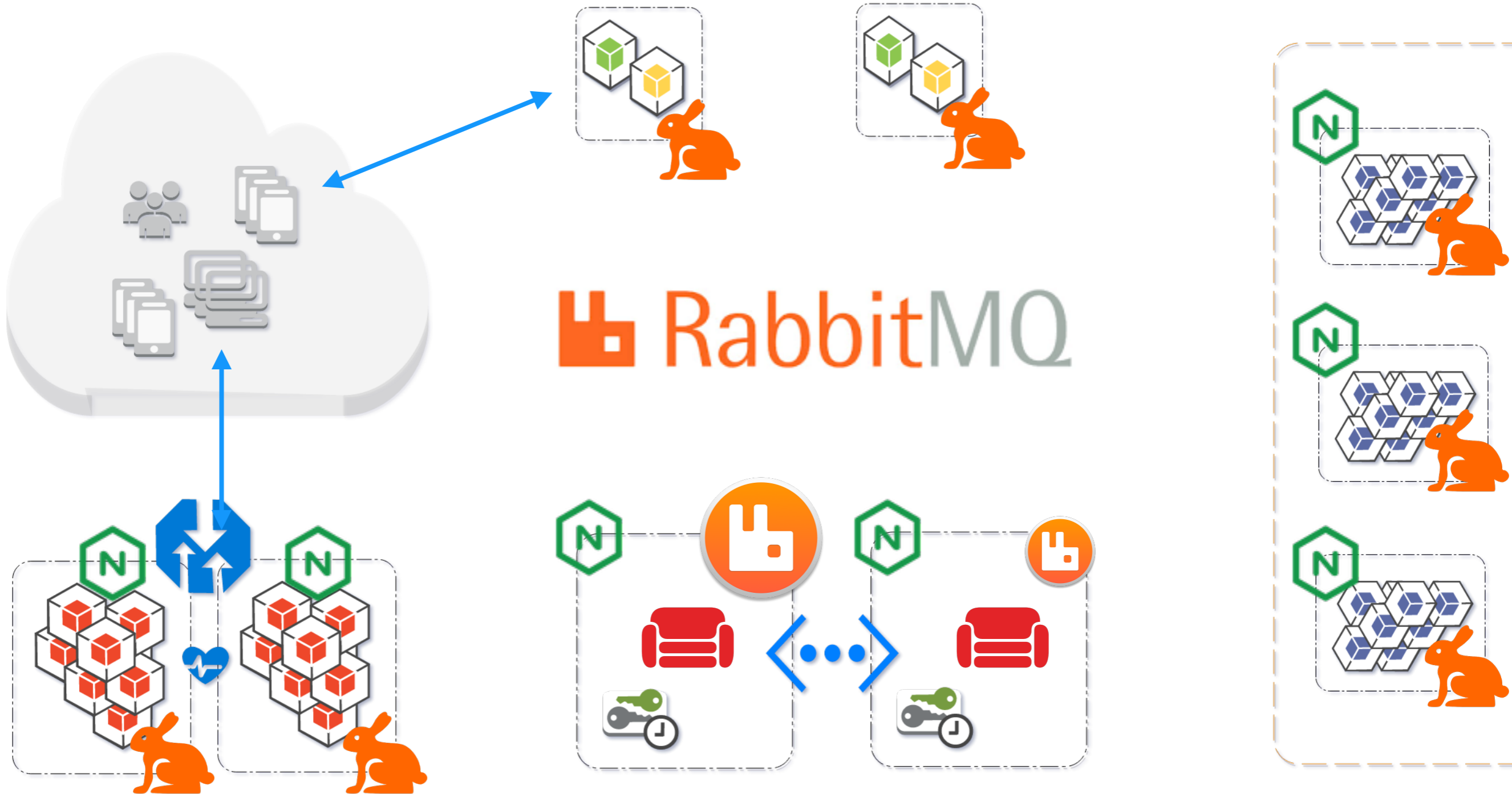
```
{"Kernel pid  
terminated", application_controller, "{application_terminated, kernel, s  
hutdown}"}
```

```
Kernel pid terminated (application_controller)  
({application_terminated, kernel, shutdown})
```

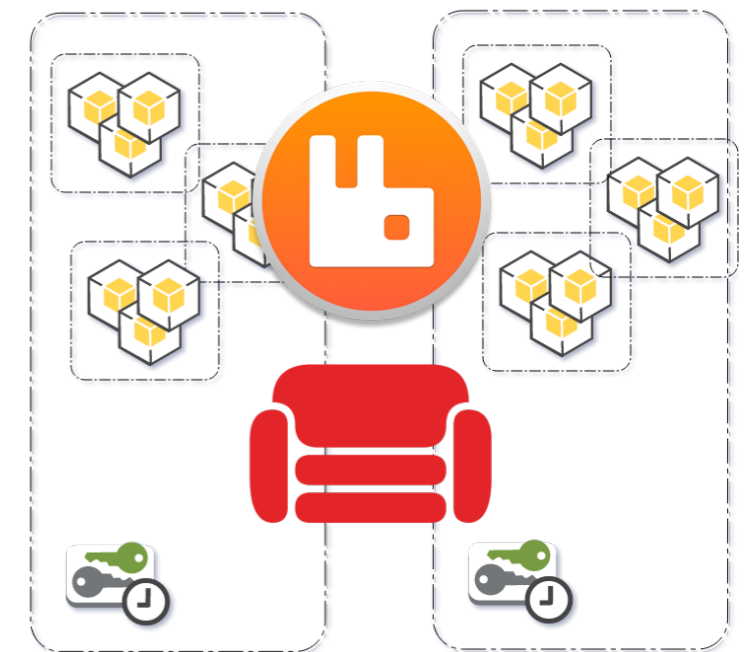
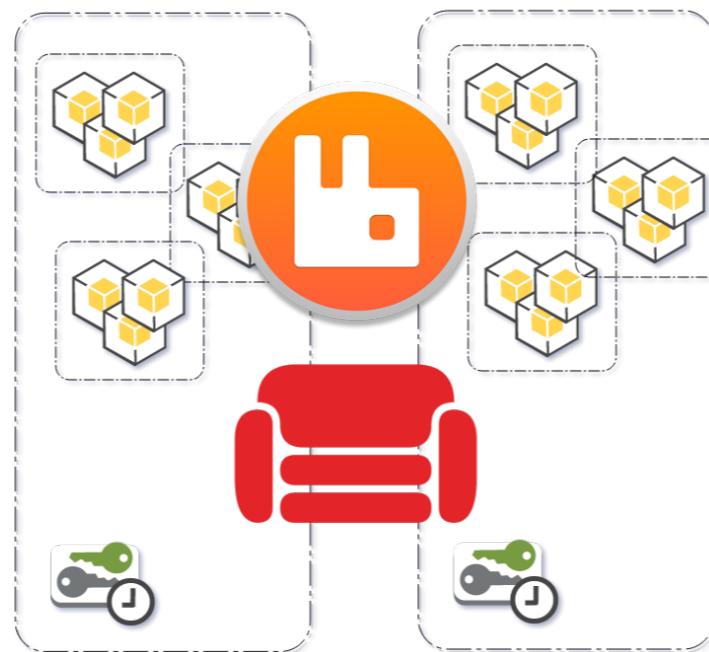
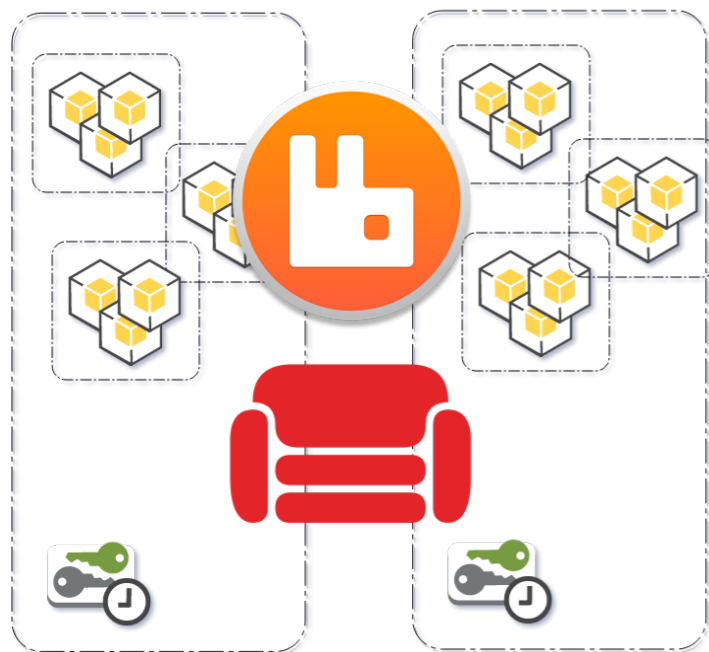
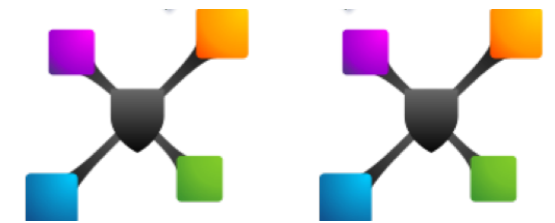
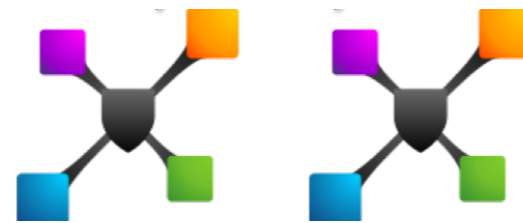
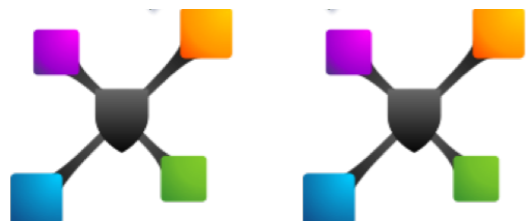
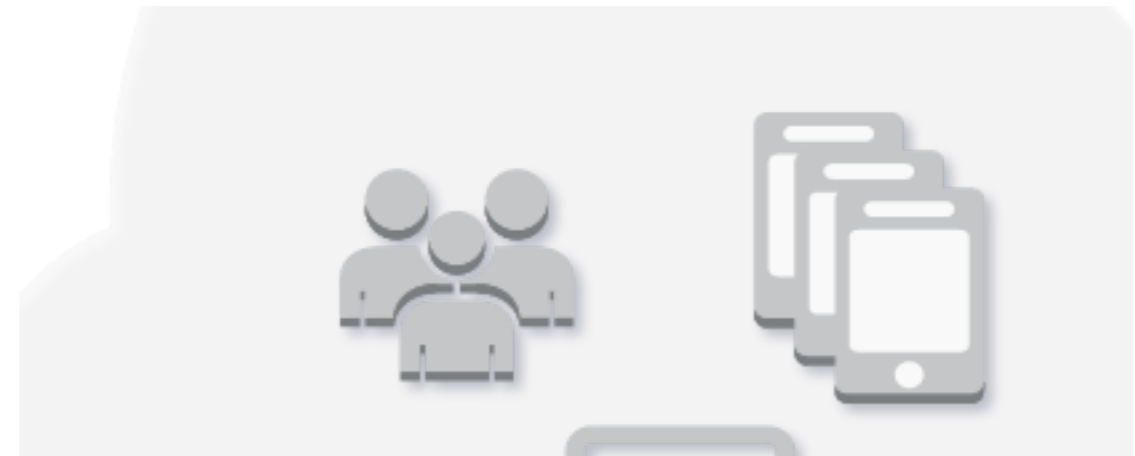
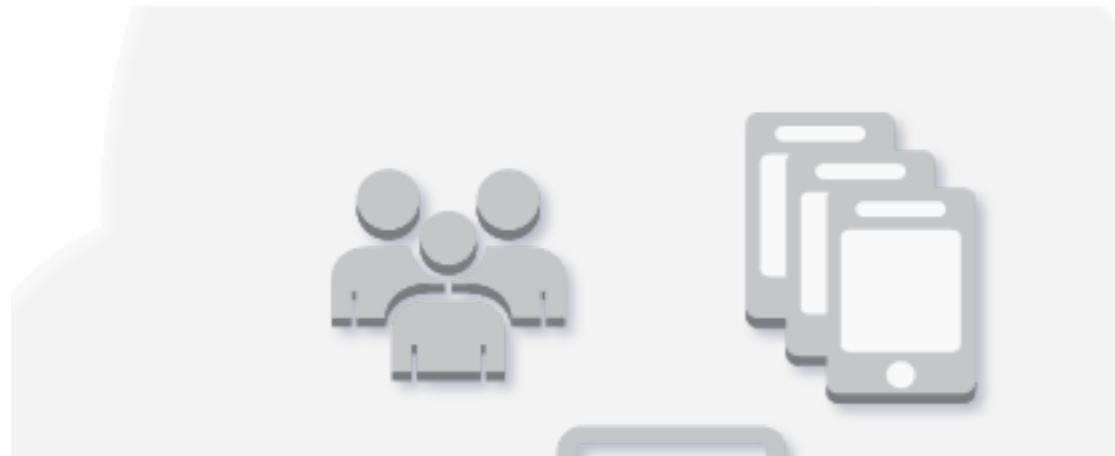
The Way of the BEAM

- Web Scale, Raw Speed, & Containers
- Engineering for Failure
 - MTTR
 - MTBF
 - Measure the 95th %

Gen#1



Gen#2





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Security – epmd & net_kernel

- epmd:
 - limit its listening ports
 - block epmd from outgoing ports
 - run epmd as privilege dropped daemon & not as root
 - require that daemon as a dependency of your apps (systemd/rc.d/...) check your distort

```
> epmd -address 12.13.14.15,10.0.0.11
```

Security – epmd & net_kernel

- your app:
 - add ``-start_epmd false`` to your `vm.args`
 - use secure tunnels (spiped/ssh/ipsec/...) for your distributed mesh
 - restrict `net_kernel` range for firewalling in `sys.config`

```
> {kernel, [{inet_dist_listen_min, 4370},  
{inet_dist_listen_max, 4380}]}
```
- read http://erlang.org/doc/man/net_kernel.html & <http://erlang.org/doc/man/erl.html>

Essential Tools

- external:
 - recon for tracing (erlang)
 - tap is an elixir wrapper around recon
 - redebug for quick queries (erlang)
 - distillery for building and running releases (elixir)
 - katja & katja_vmstats for runtime metrics (erlang)
- internal:
 - observer FTW
 - dbg & trace modules
 - remsh / rebar3 shell / etc (ssh + remsh to localhost)

Random Things I Wish I Knew Earlier

- use types, especially opaque types
- Dialyzer will keep your module contracts honest
- always `proc_lib:spawn` - no unlinked processes, ever
- `process_flag(sensitive, true)` - hide secure data from stack traces
- initiate connections (db, tcp, ...) in the supervisor and inherit in children
- use `erl ... -init_debug` to see more info at BEAM startup

ETS Things

- using `:compressed` tables when the *value* doesn't need to be inspected will save memory
- `:read_concurrency` & `:write_concurrency` are off by default
- use `:heir` & `:ets.giveaway/2` allow `:ets.new(:table, [{:heir, trusted_pid, data_to_send_with_termination_message}])` to make your ets tables survive worker death

networky things

- start distributed erlang after the VM is launched
coz you forgot (or epmd was restarted)

```
%% uses longnames by default  
net_kernel:start([<newname>]).
```

```
net_kernel:start([<newname>,  
shortnames]).
```

```
erlang:set_cookie(node(), yumyumyum).  
%% yes it's an atom.
```




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<https://home.apache.org/~dch>



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Credits

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